

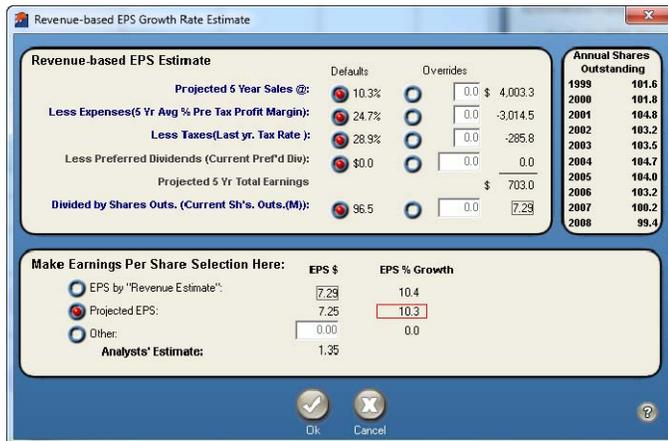
## Diluted Earnings per Share & Diluted Shares

Today the Earnings per Share (EPS) reported by companies are the diluted EPS. This is calculated as if all outstanding convertible preferred shares, convertible debentures, warrants, and stock options are included in the count of Shares Outstanding.

This is a conservative metric of company performance as it is not likely that all conversions will be executed. However, the result is a lower Diluted EPS than the conventional EPS.

Earnings per Share reported by Value Line, S&P, and Morningstar are all Diluted EPS.

Those of us who use the Revenue-based EPS Estimate {aka Preferred Procedure} in completing our Stock Studies should consider using the Diluted Shares in our study. So now the rub is, "Where do we find the Diluted Shares?"



Revenue-based EPS Estimate		Defaults	Overrides
Projected 5 Year Sales @:	10.3%	0.0	\$ 4,003.3
Less Expenses(5 Yr Avg % Pre Tax Profit Margin):	24.7%	0.0	-3,014.5
Less Taxes(Last yr. Tax Rate):	28.9%	0.0	-285.8
Less Preferred Dividends (Current Pref'd Div):	\$0.0	0.0	0.0
Projected 5 Yr Total Earnings			\$ 703.0
Divided by Shares Outs. (Current Sh's. Outs.(M)):	96.5	0.0	7.29

Annual Shares Outstanding	
1999	101.6
2000	101.8
2001	104.8
2002	103.2
2003	103.5
2004	104.7
2005	104.0
2006	103.2
2007	100.2
2008	99.4

Make Earnings Per Share Selection Here:		
<input type="radio"/> EPS by "Revenue Estimate":	7.29	10.4
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Projected EPS:	7.25	10.3
<input type="radio"/> Other:	0.00	0.0
Analysts' Estimate:	1.35	

First let us look at the Revenue-based EPS Growth Rate Estimate from Toolkit 6. Without using any of the Overrides, the EPS by "Revenue Estimate" is much in agreement with our Projected EPS using the current Shares Outstanding. However, with the company buying back shares, let us take a look based on the Value Line estimate of the number of shares 3 to 5 years out.

Now we will move on to determine the Diluted Shares based on Value Line estimates 3 to 5 years down the road for Net Profit and Diluted Earnings per Share. We will then use these estimates to estimate the number of Diluted Shares. The first time or two that you do this, it does tend to make your hair hurt but hang in as it is really quite simple.

## Diluted Earnings per Share & Diluted Shares (continued)

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	© VALUE LINE PUBL., INC. 12-14	
23	19.25	21.98	24.67	26.60	31.90		Sales per sh
26	4.14	4.85	5.50	6.75	7.00		"Cash Flow" per sh
28	3.29	3.84	4.44	5.05	5.75		Earnings per sh <sup>A</sup>
30	.54	.58	.62	.68	.76		Div'ds Decl'd per sh <sup>B</sup>
33	.68	.51	.70	.70	.85		Cap'l Spending per sh
37	16.46	13.44	19.89	19.55	22.90		Book Value per sh <sup>C</sup>
41	103.18	103.19	99.39	95.00	92.50		Common Shs Outst'g <sup>D</sup>
47	22.3	21.7	20.5	20.0	20.0		Avg Ann'l P/E Ratio
48	1.20	1.15	1.23	1.23	1.23		Relative P/E Ratio
49	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%		Avg Ann'l Div'd Yield
53	1985.5	2202.0	2452.1	2525	2950		Sales (\$mill)
54	27.7%	28.9%	30.0%	30.4%	29.0%		Operating Margin
58	74.9	30.0	90.9	97.5	93.5		Depreciation (\$mill)
64	351.8	406.4	456.4	495	555		Net Profit (\$mill)
65	27.5%	28.6%	28.9%	27.0%	27.0%		Income Tax Rate
66	17.7%	18.5%	18.6%	19.6%	18.8%		Net Profit Margin
65	838.0	930.3	1081.1	890	1060		Working Cap'l (\$mill)
68	150.8	149.8	146.8	150	150		Long-Term Debt (\$mill)
69	1698.0	1848.0	1977.2	1855	2115		Shr. Equity (\$mill)
70	19.5%	20.6%	21.7%	25.0%	24.5%		Return on Total Cap'l
73	20.7%	22.0%	23.0%	26.5%	26.0%		Return on Shr. Equity
79	17.4%	18.7%	19.9%	23.0%	21.0%		Retained to Com Eq
86	16%	15%	14%	13%	13%		All Div'ds to NetProf

The footnote, "A" for the Earnings per share indicates that the values shown are diluted for all values since 1996.

For 3 to 5 years out Value Line estimates:

1. That there will be 90.00M Common Shares Outstanding
2. The Net Profit will be \$735M
3. The Diluted EPS will be \$7.80 per Share

We will use these numbers as we proceed.

Were we to Override the Shares Outstanding with the Value Line estimate of 90.00M shares, we would see the EPS by "Revenue Estimate" rise to 12.0% growth. With the buy back somewhat evident, this might be a wise choice. However, these are not Diluted Shares.

We are able to calculate the number of Diluted Shares by dividing the estimated Net Profit by the estimated Diluted Shares.

$$\text{Diluted Shares} = \$735\text{M} / \$7.80 \text{ per share} = 94.23\text{M Diluted shares}$$

Using Diluted Shares drops the EPS% Growth estimate to 10.9% EPS Growth from 12.0% using the Outstanding Shares.

The additional 4 1/4 M shares is but a 4% difference in the number of shares but the effect is a 9% change in the EPS Growth estimate.

## Diluted Earnings per Share & Diluted Shares (continued)

Should you decide to look ahead using 3 to 5 year figures from Value Line, we suggest that you always choose to use the calculated Diluted Shares.

For additional information on Diluted Shares and Earnings, Google the subject. Investopedia has good explanation of items that could, and probably will, be converted to common shares should the company do well in the near future. Search:

- Debenture
- Preferred stock
- Warrant (finance)



Should there be a larger difference between the projected number of outstanding shares and the derived diluted shares, please consider this to be a Red Flag. This is a characteristic that will cause investors and analysts to shun the company.

By the way, just in case you wondered the company used in this example is Bard, C.R. (BCR) and were this my study I would have remained with my original EPS Growth estimate of 10.3%.

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